

according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 1 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

VCM 20

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Aerosol Cleaner

Uses advised against

Any non-intended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Meusburger Georg GmbH & Co KG

Street: Kesselstrasse 42
Place: A-6960 Wolfurt

Telephone: +43 5574 6706-0 Telefax: +43 5574 6706-12

e-mail: office@meusburger.com Internet: www.meusburger.com

Responsible Department: Dr. Gans-Eichler e-mail: info@tge-consult.de Chemieberatung GmbH e-mail: info@tge-consult.de Tel.: +49 2534 41594-0

Chemieberatung GmbH Tel.: +49 2534 41594-0 Otto-Hahn-Str. 36 www.tge-consult.de

D-48161 Muenster

1.4. Emergency telephone Poison Information Center Mainz, Germany, Tel: +49(0)6131/19240

number:

Further Information

Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REACH Regulation

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Aerosol 1; H222-H229 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 2 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:







Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P391 Collect spillage.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

2.3. Other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties: butanone; ethyl methyl ketone.

The substance is included in one of the lists of endocrine disruptors (list II, Health hazard).

The substances in the mixture (> 0.1%) do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name	Quantity
EC No	GHS Classification	
REACH No		
Index No		
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	50 - 100 %
	hydrocarbons, Co-Cr, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-nexane	50 - 100 %
921-024-6 01-2119475514-35	Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H225 H315 H336 H304 H411	
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	10 - 25 %



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 3 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023

Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

ı		
200-661-7	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336	
603-117-00-0		
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	10 - 25 %
201-159-0	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225 H319 H336 EUH066	
01-2119457290-43	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
606-002-00-3		
74-98-6	propane	0,5 - 2,5 %
200-827-9	Flam. Gas 1, Compressed gas; H220 H280	
01-2119486944-21	,	
601-003-00-5		
75-28-5	isobutane	0,5 - 2,5 %
200-857-2	Flam. Gas 1, Compressed gas; H220 H280	
01-2119485395-27	Ham. Gas 1, Gompressod gas, 11220 11200	
601-004-00-0		
106-97-8	butane	0,5 - 2,5 %
203-448-7	Flam. Gas 1, Compressed gas; H220 H280	
01-2119474691-32	3 / 3 /	
601-004-00-0		
124-38-9	carbon dioxide	0,5 - 2,5 %
204-696-9	Compressed gas; H280	
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene	1 - < 2,5 %
227-813-5	Flam. Liq. 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1B, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Acute 1,	
01-2119529223-47	Aquatic Chronic 3; H226 H315 H317 H304 H400 H412	
601-096-00-2		

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Cond	c. Limits, M-factors and ATE	
	921-024-6	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	50 - 100 %
	inhalation: Lo	C50 = > 25,2 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >2000	
67-63-0	200-661-7	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	10 - 25 %
	dermal: LD5	0 = 13900 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 5840 mg/kg	
78-93-3	201-159-0	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	10 - 25 %
	dermal: LD5	0 = >2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg	



Print date: 13.03.2023

according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 4 of 19

Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

74-98-6	200-827-9	propane	0,5 - 2,5 %
	inhalation: LC5	0 = 800000 ppm (gases)	
75-28-5	200-857-2	isobutane	0,5 - 2,5 %
	inhalation: LC5	0 = 520400 (120 min) ppm (gases)	
106-97-8	203-448-7	butane	0,5 - 2,5 %
	inhalation: LC5	0 = >800000 (15min) ppm (gases)	
5989-27-5	227-813-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene	1 - < 2,5 %
	dermal: LD50 =	:> 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg Aquatic Acute 1; H400: M=1	

Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

>= 30 % aliphatic hydrocarbons, perfumes (Limonene).

Further Information

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0.1 % according to UK REACH.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. In case of troubles or persistent symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion

If swallowed, immediately drink: Water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Do NOT induce vomiting. Caution if victim vomits: Risk of aspiration! Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. Alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Can be released in case of fire: Carbon dioxide



Print date: 13.03.2023

according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 5 of 19

Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

(CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional information

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Suppress gases/vapours/mists with water spray jet. Contaminated fire-fighting water must be collected separately. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Ventilate affected area. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

For emergency responders

Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Explosion hazard. Eliminate leaks immediately. Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not spray on naked flames or any incandescent material. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches.

Wear suitable protective clothing. (See section 8.)

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product.

Do not eat, drink, smoke or sneeze at the workplace.



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 6 of 19

Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

Print date: 13.03.2023

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Further information on handling

General protection and hygiene measures: refer to chapter 8

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Provide adequate ventilation.

Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Explosives. Flammable solids. Pyrophoric liquids and solids. Self-heating substances and mixtures. Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases. Oxidizing liquids. Oxidizing solids. Self-reactive substances and mixtures. Organic peroxides. Radioactive substances.

Infectious substances.

Further information on storage conditions

Recommended storage temperature: 10-30 °C. Do not store at temperatures over: 50 °C Note: Storage requirements for flammable aerosols.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
78-93-3	Butan-2-one (methyl ethyl ketone)	200	600		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		300	899		STEL (15 min)	WEL
106-97-8	Butane	600	1450		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		750	1810		STEL (15 min)	WEL
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	5000	9150		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		15000	27400		STEL (15 min)	WEL
67-63-0	Propan-2-ol	400	999		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		500	1250		STEL (15 min)	WEL

Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	Parameter	Value	Test material	Sampling time
78-93-3	Butan-2-one	butan-2-one	70 µmol/L	urine	Post shift

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance					
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value		
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane					
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	2 035 mg/m³		



according to UK REACH Regulation

Revision date: 28.02.2023

Page 7 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023

VCM 20

Worker DNEL, long-term d		dermal	systemic	773 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	608 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone			
Worker DNEL,	long-term	dermal	systemic	1161 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	600 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	106 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	412 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	31 mg/kg bw/day
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene			•
Worker DNEL,	long-term	inhalation	systemic	66,7 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	9,5 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	16,6 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	4,8 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	4,8 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	
Environmenta	compartment	Value
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	•
Freshwater		55,8 mg/l
Marine water		55,8 mg/l
Freshwater se	diment	285 mg/kg
Marine sedime	ent	284,7 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning		1000 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		709 mg/l
Soil		22,5 mg/kg
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene	•
Freshwater		0,014 mg/l
Marine water		0,0014 mg/l
Freshwater se	diment	3,85 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,385 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning		133 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		1,8 mg/l
Soil		0,763 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls



Print date: 13.03.2023

according to UK REACH Regulation

Revision date: 28.02.2023

Page 8 of 19

VCM 20









Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area should be ventilated by technical means.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible).

Hand protection

In case of prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact: Wear suitable gloves.

Suitable material:

NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm

Breakthrough time >= 8 h

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of the Personal Protective Equipment at Work (Amendment) Regulations 2022 and the standard EN ISO 374.

Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

Skin protection

Protective clothing.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

Respiratory protection

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required.

Respiratory protection necessary at:

Exceeding exposure limit values

Insufficient ventilation

Suitable respiratory protective equipment: Class: FFA2P3D, EN405:2002

Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Thermal hazards

No special precautionary measures are necessary.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Aerosol
Colour: colourless
Odour: characteristic
Odour threshold: not determined

Melting point/freezing point:

Boiling point or initial boiling point and

not determined
not determined

boiling range:

Flammability: not determined



according to UK REACH Regulation Page 9 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

Lower explosion limits: 0,6 vol. % Upper explosion limits: 12 vol. % Flash point: -60 °C Auto-ignition temperature: not determined Decomposition temperature: not determined pH-Value: not determined Viscosity / kinematic: not determined Water solubility: insoluble

Solubility in other solvents
Soluble in: Hydrocarbons

Dissolution rate:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Dispersion stability:

Vapour pressure:

not relevant
not determined
not relevant
4100 hPa

(at 20 °C)

Density (at 20 °C): 0,69 g/cm³
Bulk density: not determined
Relative vapour density: not determined
Particle characteristics: not determined

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, explosive/highly flammable mixtures may develop.

Sustaining combustion: No data available

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: not relevant
Gas: not determined

Oxidizing properties

none

Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate: not determined Solvent separation test: not determined Solvent content: not determined Solid content: not determined Sublimation point: not determined Softening point: not determined Pour point: not determined Viscosity / dynamic: not determined not determined Flow time:

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 10 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

Refer to chapter 10.5.

Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

Ignition hazard.

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, strong.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide Hydrocarbons

Further information

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No information available.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name								
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method				
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n	-alkanes, iso-alkanes, c	yclics, <5% n-hexan	е					
	oral	LD50 >2000 mg/kg	Rat.	ECHA dossier	read-across				
	dermal	LD50 >2000 mg/kg	Rabbit	ECHA dossier	read-across				
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 > 25,2 mg/l	Rat.	ECHA dossier	OECD 403				
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol								
	oral	LD50 5840 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA dossier					
	dermal	LD50 13900 mg/kg	Rabbit	ECHA dossier					
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone								
	oral	LD50 >2000 mg/kg	Rat	ECHA dossier					
	dermal	LD50 >2000 mg/kg	Rabbit	ECHA dossier					
74-98-6	propane								
	inhalation gas	LC50 800000 ppm	Rat	ECHA dossier	15 min				
75-28-5	isobutane								
	inhalation gas	LC50 520400 (120 min) ppm	Mouse.	ECHA dossier					



Page 11 of 19

Safety Data Sheet

according to UK REACH Regulation

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

106-97-8	butane		_				
	inhalation gas	LC50 >800 (15min) ppm	000		ECHA dossier		
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene;	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene					
	oral	LD50 > 200 mg/kg	0 Ra	at	ECHA dossier	OECD 423	
	dermal	LD50 > 500 mg/kg	0 Ra	abbit	ECHA dossier	Read-across	

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. ((R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene)

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol:

In-vitro mutagenicity:

Method:

-OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)

-OECD Guideline 474: Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test

Result: negative.

Literature information: ECHA dossier;

Carcinogenicity: No indications of human carcinogenicity exist.

Literature information: ECHA dossier

Reproductive toxicity:

Method: OECD Guideline 415 (One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

Species: Rat

Result: NOAEL = 853 mg/kg Literature information: ECHA dossier Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity:

Method: (oral.) OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)

Species: Rabbit

Result: NOAEL = 480 mg/kg

Literature information: ECHA dossier

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone:

In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay); Result: negative.

Literature information: ECHA dossier

Reproductive toxicity: (read-across); Method: OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity

Study); Species: Rat.; Results: NOAEL = 1644 mg/kg

Literature information: ECHA dossier

Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study);

Species: Rat.; Results: NOAEC = 1002 ppm

Literature information: ECHA dossier

propane:

In-vitro mutagenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) Result: negative.

Literature information: ECHA dossier



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 12 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

Reproductive toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the

Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Species: Rat Exposure duration: 6 w. Results: NOAEC = 12000 ppm

Literature information: ECHA dossier

Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)Species: Rat Results: NOAEC = 12000 ppm

Literature information: ECHA dossier

isobutane:

In vitro mutagenicity/genotoxicity: No experimental indications of mutagenicity in-vitro exist. Reproductive toxicity: NOAEC = 3000 ppm (OECD Guideline 422) Developmental toxicity/teratogenicity: NOAEC = 9000 ppm (OECD Guideline 422)

Literature information: ECHA dossier

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane; propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol; butanone; ethyl methyl ketone)

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane:

Subacute inhalative toxicity:

Method: -Species: Rat

Exposure duration: 3 d.

Result: NOAEC = 4200 mg/m3. Literature information: ECHA dossier

propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol:

Chronic inhalative toxicity (Rat): NOAEC = 5000 ppm (OECD 451)

Literature information: ECHA dossier

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone:

Subchronic inhalation toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day); Species:

Rat.; Exposure duration: 90 d. Result: NOAEC = 5014 ppm

Literature information: ECHA dossier

propane:

Subacute inhalative toxicity: Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) Species: Rat Exposure duration: 6 w. Result: NOAEC

= 94000 ppm (7214 mg/m3) Literature information: ECHA dossier

isobutane:

Method: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental

Toxicity Screening Test); Result: NOAEC = 4000 ppm

Literature information: ECHA dossier

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No information available.



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 13 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties: butanone; ethyl methyl ketone.

The substance is included in one of the lists of endocrine disruptors (list II).

Other information

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name									
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method			
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane									
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	11,4	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	ECHA dossier	OECD 203			
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	30 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA dossier	OECD 201			
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	3 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier	OECD 202			
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alc	ohol; isopro	panol							
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	10000	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA dossier	OECD 203			
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	1800		Scenedesmus subspicatus	ECHA dossier				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>10000	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier	OECD 202			
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone									
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	1656	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA dossier				
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	1982	72 h	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	ECHA dossier				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	308 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier				
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50 mg/l)	1150		Pseudomonas putida (16h)	ECHA dossier				
74-98-6	propane									
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	49,9	96 h	Fish	ECHA dossier				
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	19,37	96 h	algae	ECHA dossier				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	69,43	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier				
75-28-5	isobutane									
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	49,9	96 h	Fish	ECHA dossier				
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	19,37	96 h	algae	ECHA dossier				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	69,43	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier				



Page 14 of 19

Safety Data Sheet

according to UK REACH Regulation

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

106-97-8	butane						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	49,9	96 h	Fish	ECHA dossier	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	19,37	96 h	algae	ECHA dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	69,43	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier	
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	0,72	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA dossier	OECD 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	0,32	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	ECHA dossier	OECD 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	0,307	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA dossier	OECD 202
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(EC50 mg/l)	209	3 h		ECHA dossier	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Method	Value	d	Source		
	Evaluation	•	•			
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5%	n-hexane				
	OECD 301F / ISO 9408 / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-D	98%	28	ECHA dossier		
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)					
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol					
	EU Method C.5/ EU Method C.6	53 %	5	ECHA dossier		
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)					
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone					
	OECD 301D/ EEC 92/69/V, C.4-E	98%	28	ECHA dossier		
	Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).					
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene					
	OECD 301D / EEC 92/69 annex V, C.4-E	80 %	28	ECHA dossier		
	Easily biodegradable (concerning to the criteria of the OECD)					

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	2,89
67-63-0	propan-2-ol; isopropyl alcohol; isopropanol	0,05
78-93-3	butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	0,29
74-98-6	propane	2,36
75-28-5	isobutane	1,09
106-97-8	butane	1,09
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene	4,38

BCF



according to UK REACH Regulation

Revision date: 28.02.2023

Page 15 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023

VCM 20

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
5989-27-5	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene	864,8		ECHA dossier

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1 %.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

The aforementioned statement applies to substances contained in the product with a minimum content of 0.1 %.

Health hazard: SECTION 11: Toxicological information

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process. Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

140603 WASTE ORGANIC SOLVENTS, REFRIGERANTS AND PROPELLANTS (EXCEPT 07 AND 08);

waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants; other solvents and solvent

mixtures; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - used product

140603 WASTE ORGANIC SOLVENTS, REFRIGERANTS AND PROPELLANTS (EXCEPT 07 AND 08);

waste organic solvents, refrigerants and foam/aerosol propellants; other solvents and solvent

mixtures; hazardous waste

List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

150104 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately

collected municipal packaging waste); metallic packaging

Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1950 **14.2. UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 16 of 19

Revision date: 28.02.2023

Print date: 13.03.2023

VCM 20

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2
14.4. Packing group: -

Hazard label: 2.



Classification code: 5F

Special Provisions: 190 327 344 625

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E0
Transport category: 2
Tunnel restriction code: D

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1950 **14.2. UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):214.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1



Classification code: 5F

Special Provisions: 190 327 344 625

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E0

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:UN 195014.2. UN proper shipping name:AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):2.114.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1



Marine pollutant: YES

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

Limited quantity: 1000 mL Excepted quantity: E0 EmS: F-D, S-U

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):2.114.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 17 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20



Special Provisions: A145 A167 A802

Limited quantity Passenger: 30 kg G
Passenger LQ: Y203
Excepted quantity: E0

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:203IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:75 kgIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:203IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:150 kg

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes



Danger releasing substance: Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

14.6. Special precautions for user

Refer to section 6 - 8

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 28, Entry 29, Entry 40, Entry 75

2010/75/EU (VOC): not determined 2004/42/EC (VOC): not determined

Information according to 2012/18/EU P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

(SEVESO III):

Additional information: E2

Additional information

Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REACH Regulation

UK Aerosols Regulation

UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture): 3, 40

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to GHS (GB CLP).

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 1 - slightly hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone



Print date: 13.03.2023

according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 18 of 19

Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

propane isobutane

(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

Rev. 1,0; Initial release 23.04.2018

Rev. 2,0; Revision 03.04.2020 Changes in chapter: 2-16 Rev. 3,0; Revision 28.02.2023 Changes in chapter: 1-16

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement

concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

d: day(s)

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

ECOSAR: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships

EWC: European Waste Catalogue

IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration PBT: Persistent, bio-cumulative, toxic

QSAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

SVHC: Substance of Very High Concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe

UN: United Nations

vPvB: very persistent and very bio-cumulative

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

w: week(s)



according to UK REACH Regulation

Page 19 of 19

Print date: 13.03.2023 Revision date: 28.02.2023

VCM 20

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1; H222-H229	On basis of test data
Asp. Tox. 1; H304	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
STOT SE 3; H336	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Further Information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)